

A new assessment of the Late Devonian antiarchan fish *Bothriolepis leptocheira* from South Timan (Russia) and the biotic crisis near the Frasnian–Famennian boundary

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The species of the Late Devonian, earliest Famennian placoderm fish *Bothriolepis jeremejevi* has been downranked to subspecies *Bothriolepis leptocheira jeremejevi* comb. nov. in a result of detailed morphological studies of the type specimens and abundant new material from the type locality of the Sosnogorsk Formation, South Timan, Komi Republic, Russia. This taxon closely resembles *Bothriolepis leptocheira leptocheira* from Scotland, *B. leptocheira curonica* from Latvia, and *B. leptocheira* ssp. from Severnaya Zemlya differing only in small deviations of the size, proportions and shape of some plates of the armour. The composition of vertebrate assemblages from Scotland, Latvia, and Severnaya Zemlya containing *B. leptocheira* demonstrates a reduced diversity of antiarch placoderm, acanthodian, and sarcopterygian fishes; however, the Sosnogorsk assemblage differs in a larger diversity containing very primitive tetrapod and diversified sarcopterygian fishes including dipnoans and porolepiforms but lacking acanthodians. Wide distribution of a single species of *Bothriolepis* and usually diminished diversity of vertebrates suggest that the earliest Famennian vertebrate assemblages conform the survival faunas of the latest Frasnian–earliest Famennian biotic crisis.

Key words: Placodermi, diversity, variability, Devonian, Frasnian, Famennian, Russia, South Timan.

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