

Morphology and palaeoecology of a new edriblastoid from the Furongian of China

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A new edriblastoid *Cambroblastus guolensis* is described from the Furongian (late Cambrian) Sandu Formation (South China). This represents the second occurrence of a Cambrian edriblastoid, and the first ever reported from Asia, extending the palaeogeographic range of this very rare echinoderm grade. Surprisingly it preserves a complete stem and a distal holdfast suggesting edriblastoids were hard substrate attachers living in soft bottom quiet environments.

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