

## Late Maastrichtian and earliest Danian scaphitid ammonites from central Europe: Taxonomy, evolution, and extinction

Marcin Machalski *Acta Palaeontologica Polonica* 50 (4), 2005: 653-696

Late Maastrichtian and earliest Danian scaphitid ammonites from key sections in the Maastricht area in the Netherlands and Belgium, Hemmoor in Germany, Stevns Klint (Sjćlland) and Jylland in Denmark, the Lublin Upland in Poland and Lviv in the Ukraine, are studied. In total, thirteen scaphitid taxa are recognised: *Hoploscaphites constrictus lvivensis* subsp. nov., H. c. crassus, H. c. johnjagti subsp. nov., H. tenuistriatus, H. pungens, H. schmidi, H. sp. ex gr. pungens-schmidi, H. felderi, H. sp. ex gr. waagei-angmartussutensis, Acanthoscaphites (Euroscaphites) varians varians, A. (E.) varians blaszkiewiczi, A. (E.?) verneuilianus and A. (E. ?) sp. aff. verneuilianus. Sexual dimorphism is demonstrated for several species. Additionally, developmental polymorphism of males is proposed to explain a size-dependent variation of ornament in microconchs of H. c. crassus. The extinction pattern of European scaphitids is difficult to assess for methodological reasons. The available data indicate, however, that the *Hoploscaphites* constrictus lineage survived unaffected until the very end of the Cretaceous and even crossed the Cretaceous-Paleogene (K-Pg) boundary. The latest Maastrichtian populations of this lineage, assigned to H. c. johnjagti subsp. nov., are dominated by individuals with pronounced ribbing and tuberculation of the body chamber. This may reflect increased predation pressure, indirectly related to the late Maastrichtian regression. The successive members of the *Hoploscaphites* constrictus lineage, i.e., Hoploscaphites constrictus lvivensis subsp. nov., H. c. crassus, and H. c. johnjagti subsp. nov. are useful for subdivision of upper Maastrichtian deposits.

**Key words:** Ammonoidea, Scaphitidae, dimorphism, polymorphism, evolution, extinction, Maastrichtian, Danian, central Europe.

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